THE PERSON AND WORK OF CHRIST

PASTOR FRED GRECO

INTRODUCTION AND PERSON

Week I

WHAT WILL WE COVER?

PERSON OF CHRIST

- Historical Considerations
- Deity of Christ
- Humanity of Christ

WORK OF CHRIST

- Mediator of the Covenant
 - Prophet, King, Priest
- States of Christ
 - Humiliation, Exaltation
- Atonement of Christ

WHAT WILL WE COVER?

- I. Intro and Person
- 2. Deity of Christ I
- 3. Deity of Christ 2
- 4. Humanity of Christ I
- 5. Humanity of Christ 2
- 6. Christ the Mediator

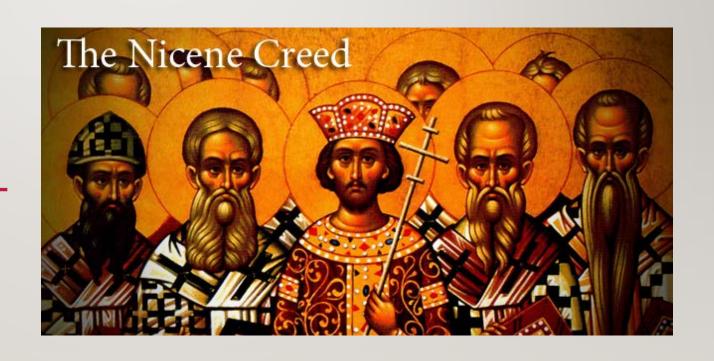
- 7. Christ the Prophet
- 8. Christ the King
- 9. Christ the Priest
- 10. Christ's Humiliation
- II. Christ's Exaltation
- 12. The Atonement of Christ

WHO IS JESUS CHRIST?

- I. Fully God
- 2. Fully Man
- 3. Only one Person (not two) and not a mixture (e.g. brass), it is a personal union (*Hypostatic*)

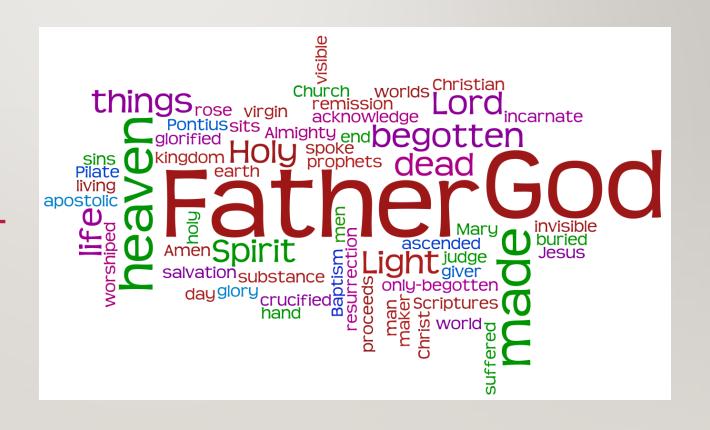
FULLY GOD

"God of God, Light of Light, very God of very God, begotten, not made, being of one substance with the Father"



FULLY MAN

"who for us men and for our salvation came down from heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, and was made man"

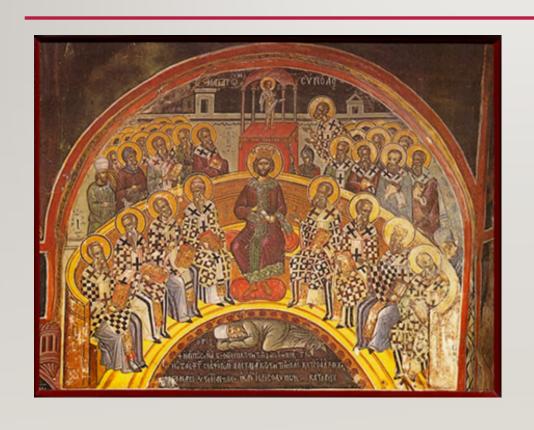


ONLY ONE PERSON

- Not two people
- Not a mixture (e.g. brass)
- Personal union of the natures (hypostatic) – similar to the union of body and soul



HOW DID THE CHURCH AGREE?



- Forged in controversy
- One correction lead to another problem
- Early Church Councils

	Council	Issue	Bad Guy	Good Guy	Outcome
	Nicea	Eternal Deity of	Arius	Athanasius	Eternal Deity of
	325 AD	Christ	Christ is a	Christ is God	Christ Affirmed
			Created Being		Nicene Creed
	Costantinople	Person of Christ	Apollinarius	Gregory of	Complete
	381 AD		Christ is Divine	Nestansius	Humanity of
			Logos but not		Christ Affirrmed
Early Church Controversies			human spirit		Nicene Creed
					Affirmed
	Ephesus	Person of Christ	Nestorius	Cyril of	Complete Deity
	431 AD		Against the Deity	Alexandria	of Christ Affirmed
			of Christ		Nicene Creed
					Affirmed
	Chalcedon	Person of Christ	Eutyches	Flavian of	Two Natures of
	451 AD		Christ is a	Constantinople	Christ Affirmed
			"tertium quid"	and	(Human Nature
			A third unique	Leo of Rome	and Divine
			nature		Nature)

GOD OR MAN?

ADOPTIONISM

- Jesus was "just a man"
- Adopted by God as His "special son"
- Unique, but not God

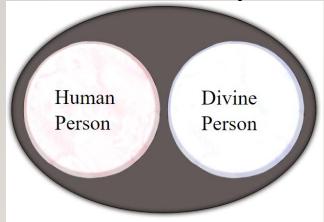
DOCETISM

- Jesus only "seemed" to be man
- Flesh, bad; spirit, good
- Irenaeus battled this in Adversus Haereses (late 2nd c.)

TWO PERSONS OR ONE NATURE?

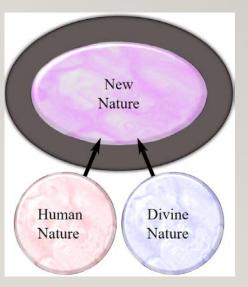
NESTORIANISM

- Emphasized the differences
- Two Persons one per nature



EUTYCHIANISM

- Divine nature overcame human
- Fusion
- New, third substance "tertium quid"



HOW REAL IS REAL?

APOLLINARIANISM

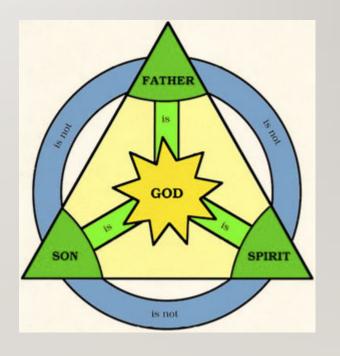
- Starts with three-parts (body, soul, spirit)
- Only one nature
- Not really human

ARIANISM

- Jesus is first created being
- "There was a time when He was not!"
- Not really God

SO WHAT SHOULD WE SAY?

- Jesus is one Person
- Jesus has <u>two</u> natures
- His human nature <u>is not</u> a
 Person
- The 2nd Person of the Trinity
 took on a human nature



WHY IS IT IMPORTANT?

- Why does Christ need to be God?
- Is this only a "theology" or academic question?

• NO!

IT AFFECTS HOW THE CHRISTIAN:

- Is able to trust Christ as God
- Should worship Christ
- Understands the cost and nature of his salvation
- Will view the Bible
 - "without the Deity of Christ, the Bible is the drama of Hamlet without Hamlet"

THE DEITY OF CHRIST PART I

NEXT WEEK