

\*Teachers only go over catechism questions and answers 4/28/24

### Ages 2-3

Memory Verse: <sup>14</sup>How then will they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how are they to believe in him of whom they have never heard? And how are they to hear without someone preaching? (Romans 10:14).

Hymns: “Jesus loves me” (verse 1)

Jesus loves me! This I know,  
For the Bible tells me so;  
Little ones to Him belong;  
They are weak, but He is strong.

Refrain:

Yes, Jesus loves me!

Yes, Jesus loves me!

Yes, Jesus loves me!

The Bible tells me so.

“Doxology” by The David Crowder Band

Catechism:

#### 9. Who is God?

God is a Spirit and does not have a body like men.  
(John 4:24; 2 Corinthians 3:17; 1 Timothy 1:17)

#### 10. Where is God?

God is everywhere.  
(Psalm 139:7-12; Jeremiah 23:23, 24; Acts 17:27, 28)

#### 11. Can you see God?

No. I cannot see God, but He always sees me.  
(Exodus 33:20; John 1:18; 1 Timothy 6:16; Psalm 139, especially verses 1-5; Proverbs 5:21; Hebrews 4:12,13)

#### 12. Does God know all things?

Yes. Nothing can be hidden from God.  
(1 Chronicles 28:9; 2 Chronicles 16:9; Luke 12:6, 7; Romans 2:16)

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**Ages 4-5**

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Hymns: “Jesus loves me”

“Holy, Holy, Holy” by Sovereign Grace Music

Catechism:

19. Do you have a soul as well as a body?

Yes. I have a soul that can never die.

(Matthew 10:28; Mark 8:34-38; 12:30)

20. How do you know that you have a soul?

Because the Bible tells me so.

(Matthew 10:28; Mark 8:34-38; 12:30)

21. In what condition did God create Adam and Eve?

He made them holy and happy.

(Genesis 1:26-28; Psalm 8:4-8)

22. Did Adam and Eve stay holy and happy?

No. They sinned against God.

(Genesis 3:1-7; Ecclesiastes 7:29; Hosea 6:7 where “men” = Adam)

23. What is sin?

Sin is being, desiring, or doing anything against God’s perfect moral law.

(1 John 3:4; Romans 3:20; James 2:9-11)

24. Are you a sinner?

Yes. I am a sinner. Everyone is a sinner except Jesus.

(Romans 3:9-20; Romans 3:23)

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Memory Verse: <sup>14</sup>How then will they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how are they to believe in him of whom they have never heard? And how are they to hear without someone preaching? (Romans 10:14).

Other: The Ten Commandments (summarized – Exodus 20:1-17)

Names of the Twelve Apostles

Hymns (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Catechism:

70. Is God pleased with those who love and obey Him?

Yes. He says, “I love them that love Me.” (Proverbs 8:17; Exodus 20:6)

71. Is God pleased with those who do not love and obey Him?

No. “God is angry with the wicked every day.” (Psalm 7:11; Malachi 2:17; Proverbs 6:16-19)

72. What is the first commandment?

The first commandment is, “You shall have no other gods before Me.” (Exodus 20:3; Deuteronomy 5:7)

73. What does the first commandment teach us?

To worship God only. (Isaiah 45:5, 6; Matthew 4:10; Revelation 22:8, 9)

74. What is the second commandment?

The second commandment is, “You shall not make for yourself a carved image, or any likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth. You shall not bow down to them or serve them, for I the LORD your God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers on the children to the third and the fourth generation of those who hate me, but showing steadfast love to thousands of those who love me and keep my commandments.” (Exodus 20:4-6; Deuteronomy 5:8-10)

75. What does the second commandment teach us?

To worship God in the right way and to avoid idolatry. (Isaiah 44:9-20; 46:5-9; John 4:23, 24; Acts 17:29)

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4/21/24 Catechism Handout

Parent Initials \_\_\_\_\_

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**3<sup>rd</sup> – 4<sup>th</sup> Grade:**

Memory Verse: <sup>14</sup>How then will they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how are they to believe in him of whom they have never heard? And how are they to hear without someone preaching? (Romans 10:14).

Other: OLD TESTAMENT, NEW TESTAMENT

Hymns (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Catechism:

124. What does the bread represent?

The body of Christ, broken for our sins.

(Matthew 26:26; 1 Corinthians 11:24)

125. What does the grape juice represent?

The blood of Christ, shed for our salvation.

(Matthew 26:27, 28; 1 Corinthians 11:25)

126. Who should partake of the Lord's Supper?

Only those who repent of their sins, believe in Christ for salvation and love their fellow men and women. (Matthew 5:21-24; 1 Corinthians 10:16, 17; 11:18, 20, 27-33; 1 John 3:24-27; 4:9-11)

127. Did Christ remain in the tomb after His crucifixion?

No. He rose from the dead on the third day. (Luke 24:45-47; 1 Corinthians 15:3, 4)

128. Where is Christ now?

In heaven, seated at the right hand of God the Father. (Romans 8:34; Hebrews 1:3; 10:12; 12:2)

129. Will Christ come again?

Yes. At the last day He will come again to judge the world. (Matthew 25:31-46; 2 Thessalonians 1:7-10; 2 Timothy 4:1)

130. What happens to men when they die?

The body returns to dust and the soul goes into comfort or torment. (Genesis 3:19; Ecclesiastes 12:7; 2 Corinthians 5:1-6)

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**5<sup>th</sup> – 6<sup>th</sup> Grade:**

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Hymns: (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Bible Reading: Proverbs, Gospel of John, and 1 John

Catechism:

48. What is the first commandment?

The first commandment is, “You shall have no other gods before Me.” (Exodus 20:3; Deuteronomy 5:7)

49. What is required in the first commandment?

The first commandment requires us to know and acknowledge God to be the only true God, and our God; and to worship and glorify Him only.

(Deuteronomy 26:17; 1 Chronicles 28:9; Psalm 29:2; Matthew 4:10)

50. What is forbidden in the first commandment?

The first commandment forbids the denying, or not worshipping and glorifying the true God as God, and our God; and the giving of that worship and glory to any other which is due to Him alone. (Psalm 14:1; 81:10-11; Romans 1:20-21, 25-26)

51. What are we specially taught by the words “before Me” in the first commandment?

The words “before Me” in the first commandment teach us that God—who sees all things—takes notice of, and is much displeased with, the sin of having any other god. (Psalm 44:20-21)

52. What is the second commandment?

The second commandment is, “You shall not make for yourself a carved image, or any likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth; you shall not bow down to them nor serve them.” (Exodus 20:4-6)

53. What is required in the second commandment?

The second commandment requires the receiving, observing, keeping pure and whole, all such religious worship and ordinances as God has appointed in His Word. (Deuteronomy 12:13-14, 32:46; Matthew 28:20; Mark 7:6-8; John 4:24; Acts 2:42)

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Hymns: (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Bible Reading: Matthew – 2 Corinthians, Proverbs

Catechism:

111. What do Christians pray for in the third petition?

In the third petition (“Your will be done on earth as it is in heaven.”) Christians pray that God by His grace would make them able and willing to know, obey and submit to His will in all things, as the angels do in heaven.

(Job 1:21; Psalms 103:20-21; 119:34-36; Matthew 6:10; Acts 21:14)

112. What do Christians pray for in the fourth petition?

In the fourth petition (“Give us this day our daily bread”) Christians pray that of God’s free gift they may receive a needed portion of the good things of this life and enjoy His blessing with them. (Psalm 90:17; Proverbs 30:8-9; Matthew 6:11; 1 Timothy 4:4-5)

113. What do Christians pray for in the fifth petition?

In the fifth petition (“And forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors”) Christians pray that God, for Christ’s sake, would freely pardon all their sins; which they are more readily encouraged to ask, because by His grace they are enabled from the heart to forgive others.

(Psalm 51:1-2, 7, 9; Daniel 19:17-19; Matthew 6:12; 18:35; Luke 11:4)

114. What do Christians pray for in the sixth petition?

In the sixth petition (“And do not lead us into temptation but deliver us from the evil”) Christians pray that God would either keep them from being tempted to sin, or support and deliver them when they are tempted. (Psalm 19:13; 51:10, 12; Matthew 6:13; 26:41)

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Hymns: (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Bible Reading: Genesis, Proverbs, John, Romans, Galatians – Revelation

Catechism:

41. Why was He buried?

His burial shows that He really died.

(Isaiah 53:9; John 19:38-42; Acts 13:29; 1 Corinthians 15:3, 4)

42. Since Christ has died for us, why do we still have to die?

Our death does not pay the debt of our sins. Rather, it puts an end to our sinning in this world and is our entrance into eternal life.

(Psalm 49:7; John 5:24; Philippians 1:21-23; 1 Thessalonians 5:9, 10)

43. What further advantage do we receive from Christ's sacrifice and death on the cross?

Through Christ's death our old selves are crucified, put to death, and buried with Him, so that the evil desires of the flesh may no longer rule us. Instead, we may dedicate ourselves as an offering of gratitude to Him. (Romans 6:5-11; Colossians 2:11,12; Romans 6:12-14; Romans 12:1; Ephesians 5:1, 2)

44. How does Christ's resurrection benefit us?

First, by His resurrection He has overcome death, so that we might share in His righteousness He won for us by His death. Second, by His power we too are already resurrected to a new life. Third, Christ's resurrection is a guarantee of our glorious resurrection. (Romans 4:25; 1 Corinthians 15:16-20; 1 Peter 1:3-5; Romans 6:5-11; Ephesians 2:4-6; Colossians 3:1-4; Romans 8:11; 1 Corinthians 15:12-23; Philippians 3:20, 21)

45. What does it mean that "He ascended into Heaven?"

That Christ, while His disciples watched, was lifted up from the earth into heaven and will be there for our good until He returns to judge the living and the dead. (Luke 24:50, 51; Acts 1:9-11; Romans 8:34; Ephesians 4:8-18; Hebrews 7:23-25; 9:24; Acts 1:11)

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Hymns: (Find on church app, website, or church YouTube channel):

Bible Reading: Psalms, Proverbs, New Testament

Catechism:

97. What is God's will for us in the fourth commandment?

First, that the gospel ministry and education for it be maintained, and that, especially on Sunday, I regularly attend the assembly of God's people to learn what God's Word teaches, to participate in the ordinances, to pray to God publicly, and to bring Christian offerings for the ministry. Second, that every day of my life I rest from my evil ways, submit to the Lord's work in me through His Spirit, and so begin already in this life the eternal Sabbath. (Deuteronomy 6:4-9, 20-25; 1 Corinthians 9:13,14; 2 Timothy 2:2; 3:13-17; Titus 1:5; Deuteronomy 12:5-12; Psalm 40:9,10; 68:26; Acts 2:42-47; Hebrews 10:23-25; Romans 10:14-17; 1 Corinthians 14:31,32; 1 Timothy 4:13; 1 Corinthians 11:23,24; Colossians 3:16; 1 Timothy 2:1; Psalm 10:14; 1 Corinthians 16:2; 2 Corinthians 8,9; Isaiah 66:23; Hebrews 4:9-11)

98. What is God's will for us in the fifth commandment?

That I honor, love, and be loyal to my father and mother and all those in authority over me; that I obey and submit to them, as is proper, when they correct and discipline me; and also that I be patient with their failings—for through them God chooses to rule us. (Exodus 21:17; Proverbs 1:8; 4:1; Romans 13:1,2; Ephesians 5:21,22; 6:1-9; Colossians 3:18-4:1; Proverbs 20:20; 23:22; 1 Peter 2:18; Matthew 22:21; Romans 13:1-8; Ephesians 6:1-9; Colossians 3:18-21)

99. What is God's will for us in the sixth commandment?

I am not to belittle, insult, hate, or kill my neighbor—not by my thoughts, words, looks, gestures, and certainly not by my actions—and I am not to participate in this with others; or recklessly endanger myself either. (Genesis 9:6; Leviticus 19:17,18; Matthew 5:21,22; 26:52; Proverbs 25:21,22; Matthew 18:35; Ephesians 4:26; Matthew 4:7; 26:52; Romans 13:11-14; Genesis 9:6; Exodus 21:14; Romans 13:4)

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Catechism:

97. What is God's will for us in the fourth commandment?

First, that the gospel ministry and education for it be maintained, and that, especially on Sunday, I regularly attend the assembly of God's people to learn what God's Word teaches, to participate in the ordinances, to pray to God publicly, and to bring Christian offerings for the ministry. Second, that every day of my life I rest from my evil ways, submit to the Lord's work in me through His Spirit, and so begin already in this life the eternal Sabbath. (Deuteronomy 6:4-9, 20-25; 1 Corinthians 9:13,14; 2 Timothy 2:2; 3:13-17; Titus 1:5; Deuteronomy 12:5-12; Psalm 40:9,10; 68:26; Acts 2:42-47; Hebrews 10:23-25; Romans 10:14-17; 1 Corinthians 14:31,32; 1 Timothy 4:13; 1 Corinthians 11:23,24; Colossians 3:16; 1 Timothy 2:1; Psalm 10:14; 1 Corinthians 16:2; 2 Corinthians 8,9; Isaiah 66:23; Hebrews 4:9-11)

98. What is God's will for us in the fifth commandment?

That I honor, love, and be loyal to my father and mother and all those in authority over me; that I obey and submit to them, as is proper, when they correct and discipline me; and also that I be patient with their failings—for through them God chooses to rule us. (Exodus 21:17; Proverbs 1:8; 4:1; Romans 13:1,2; Ephesians 5:21,22; 6:1-9; Colossians 3:18-4:1; Proverbs 20:20; 23:22; 1 Peter 2:18; Matthew 22:21; Romans 13:1-8; Ephesians 6:1-9; Colossians 3:18-21)

99. What is God's will for us in the sixth commandment?

I am not to belittle, insult, hate, or kill my neighbor—not by my thoughts, words, looks, gestures, and certainly not by my actions—and I am not to participate in this with others; or recklessly endanger myself either. (Genesis 9:6; Leviticus 19:17,18; Matthew 5:21,22; 26:52; Proverbs 25:21,22; Matthew 18:35; Ephesians 4:26; Matthew 4:7; 26:52; Romans 13:11-14; Genesis 9:6; Exodus 21:14; Romans 13:4)